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United States Department of State

Washington, D. C. 20520

CASE NO: ICI 990/944-5  
EXHIBIT NO: DNI 264  
DATE ADMITTED: 11-11-2006  
TENDERED BY: Defense

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INFORMATION MEMORANDUM

S/S NAME OF WITNESS

DECL: OADR

DEPARTMENT OF STATE  
 RELEASE  
 EXT USE  
 EXEMPT  
 DECLASSIFY  
 DECLASSIFY  
 NO CHANGE  
INTEREST  
Date 2/6/98

TO: The Secretary  
THROUGH: P - Mr. Tarnoff  
FROM: AF - George E. Moose  
SUBJECT: New Human Rights Abuses in Rwanda

FOIA Exemptions  
Exemptions  
 CONFIDENTIAL (S)  
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SUMMARY

A UNHCR investigative team that spent July and August in Rwanda has reported systematic human rights abuses by GOR forces -- including systematic killings -- in the south and southeast of the country. The team has concluded that the GOR is aware of these reprisals against Hutu civilians and may have sanctioned them. A UN delegation now in Kigali will raise this issue with the GOR and ask what steps will be taken to halt the abuse. The UN/UNHCR plan public release of the report this week, and we plan to raise this issue with the GOR in the context of the September 20-23 Wirth visit to Kigali.

DISCUSSION

The September 17 debriefing of members of a UNHCR team that spent July and August in Rwanda revealed that the Rwandan Patriotic Army (RPA), the military wing of the Rwandan Patriotic Front (RPF), has engaged in a pattern of systematic killing of Hutu civilians in the south and southeast of Rwanda. The UNHCR team witnessed Hutu men with arms bound in the company of RPA troops and Tutsi civilians. The soldiers possessed two-way radios and knew the "party-line", indicating that their activities were not unknown to authorities in Kigali.

On the basis of interviews with refugees/individuals, the UNHCR team concluded that a pattern of killing had emerged. The RPA convened meetings of displaced persons to discuss peace and security. Once the displaced persons were assembled, RPA soldiers moved in and killed them. In addition

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to these massacres, the RPA engaged in house to house sweeps and hunted down individuals hiding in swamps. Victims were usually killed with hoes, axes, machetes and fire. Although males aged 18-40 were at highest risk, the young and elderly were not spared. The team estimated that the RPA and Tutsi civilian surrogates had killed 10,000 or more Hutu civilians per month, with the RPA accounting for 95% of the killing.

The UNHCR team speculated that the purpose of the killing was a campaign of ethnic cleansing intended to clear certain areas in the south of Rwanda for Tutsi habitation. The killings also served to reduce the population of Hutu males and discouraged refugees from returning to claim their lands.

The UNHCR team informed us that they will raise their finding with GOR Defence Minister Paul Kagame in Kigali, possibly by September 21. They will inquire of Kagame what steps he will take to stop the killings. UNSYG Boutros Ghali plans to brief the Security Council and subsequently make the gist of the UNHCR report public. We have been asked not to get out in front of the UN on this issue to avoid putting individuals and NGOs at risk.

We intend to take complementary action. We will use Under Secretary Wirth's September 22-23 meetings with Kagame and other senior GOR officials to raise this issue and to underline U.S. commitment to respect human rights and the rule of law if the UN has made its demarche. We will report further on this issue following the GOR response.

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