Prosopography of the Early Gothic World

A note:
This is a compendium of characters, both historical and present in Total War: Attila, who are relevant to the 'Let's Wear Black' LP. It is not a record of absolutely every figure who makes an appearance, but rather largely concerns itself with rulers, characters who make a direct appearance in the narrative, or are major historical figures who ought to be mentioned just because.

Most abbreviations present refer to specific authors and works that are commonly cited for this period. The 6th-century Gothic/Eastern Roman author, Jordanes, is often rendered as 'Jord.' in citations, and his most popular work, Getica, is rendered as 'Get.' in turn. Likewise, Ammianus Marcellinus is 'Amm.', and his work Res Gestae is just 'Gestae'. Along with these classical works are references to Total War: Attila, shortened here to TWA, for citation of events and characters which occurred strictly in the LP. Numbers accompanying TWA indicate either when a character first appeared in the LP, or during which chapter's session I first noticed them but didn't say anything in the LP.

Dates with question marks preceding them indicate dates that are historically uncertain (such as a historical figure's birth) or I just wasn't paying attention and am unsure if that year was when a figure was born, became emperor, and the like.

This document has been compiled in part so that I can keep track of leaders for potential Crusader Kings 2 title history work, and partially because I am a tremendous goober.

-Ofaloaf

Ablabius

Historian of the Goths IV/V

His history of the Goths based on Gothic materials and legends was used by Cassiodorus and Jordanes. Jord., Get. 28, 82, 117.

Septimus Hostilius Aebutianus

Augustus (West), 402

Western Roman Emperor following the death of Fl. Honorius. TWA, 5.

Marcus Cluntius Ahala

Tyrant of Italy, 419

Born in AD 382. He was the successor to Anicius Helvettius Lupus as ruler of Italia. TWA, 9.

Alaric

Visigothic king, b. ?370/5, r. 395-399

He died in Illyria and was succeeded by Gatha. TWA, 4.

Alatheus

Ostrogothic leader 378

With Saphrax at the battle of Adrianople Amm. XXXI 3. 3, 4, 12, 12. 12. 17, Zos. IV 34. 2 (Allotheus), Jord. Get. 134. Attacked Pannonia after Theodosius became Emperor (?380, Theodosius was ill at the time), ib. 140.

Pacuvius Tigidius Anatolius

Tyrant of Africa, 430s

Born in 393 AD. Although religiously tolerant, he was an aggressive, expansionist-minded leader, who largely targeted heathens and heretics alike in his wars. TWA, 13.

Appius Publicus Antoninus

Roman tyrant, V

Leader of the Western Roman Separatist rebellion in the early 5th century. Although he led a
rebellion directed against the Western Roman Empire, he expanded the reach of rebel territories to include lands taken by Germanic tribes years prior. Under his leadership, much of the Italian Peninsula was re-united under Roman rule. He was a Latin Christian, but saved his most vehement hatred not for the Germani who ravaged Western Roman lands, but for the Zoroastrian pagans of Sassanid Persia. *TWA*, 7 & 8.

**Fl. Arcadius**

Eastern Roman Emperor, initially declared co-ruler of the East alongside his father, Theodosius I, and then notional sole ruler of the ERE from his father's death in 395 through to 399. *TWA*, 1, 4.

**Ariaric**

Ostrogothic duke, V

**Attila**


**Bahram**

Shahanshah of Persia, 388

He was the thirteenth Sassanid king of Persia, son of Shapur III, and was the fourth Sassanid ruler to have the name 'Bahram', and so is normally noted in historical works as Bahram IV.

**Faustus Decumius Brocchus**

tyrant of Septimania, V


**Anicius Traianus Burrienus**

tyrant of Macedonia, ?399

A prominent member of the senatorial Anicii family. A pagan, he raised the banner of rebellion in Thessalonica against the Eastern Roman imperial government. Presumably a relative of Helvetius Lupus, the tyrant of Italy and his contemporary. *TWA*, 4.

**Vettius Ateius Calvus**

tyrant of Gaul, V

Born in AD 403. An Arian, he seized control of Argentoratum from the Lombards, and established a new Gallic state on the eastern frontier of Gothia. Although he followed the same creed as the Ostrogoths, he was a cultural chauvinist, and did not readily accept the Goths as allies and protectors. *TWA*, 11.

**Gnaeus Florius Capito**

Augustus (East), 405

Eastern Roman Emperor. He was known for his admiration of Sarmatians. *TWA*, 7.

**Marcus Petillius Cato**

general, V

Romano-Macedonian general. He led the Macedonian expedition into Gaul of the early 430s, and died in battle north of Burdigala late in 433. *TWA*, 12.

**Publius Catulus**

Roman general, 397


**Septimus Nigidius Cilo**

general, 434

One of the Romano-British commanders of the ill-fated AD 434 British expedition to Gaul.
Gaius Vinicius Cordus  
A general in the Italian army of Helvetius Lupus. He died in Mediolanum, summer of 419.  
*TWA*, 9.

Quintus Lafrenius Crassus  
A pagan, he seized control of much of Roman Pannonia near the end of the 4th century.  
Germanic tribes thereafter crossed the Danube and settled in Dalmatia and Noricum, between Illyria and the Western Roman Empire. *TWA*, 4. The Illyrian state was destroyed in AD 429, and it is unknown if there were any successors before the end of the realm. *TWA*, 11.

Pacuvius Tadius Dentatus  
Born in 427. Despite being raised an ardent Latin Christian, his only known bias was against Western Germanic tribes, which he loathed with a startling intensity. *TWA*, 13.

Septimus Sergius Dolabella  

Quintus Lollius Drusus  
Eastern Roman Emperor. He was 79 years old when he took on the purple. *TWA*, 11.

Durand  
Born in AD 408. A Latin Christian, he was hostile to the Arian Gothic realm to his west, but largely focused on merely strengthening Suebian control in Helvetia and Rhaetia. *TWA*, 11.

Egica  
Kin of Vithericus, it is unknown if he was a literal brother of the king or if this was mere rhetorical flair. *TWA*, 1. He died in battle north of Thessalonica, when he was ambushed by Eastern Roman forces. *TWA*, 3.

Eliande  

Emoke  

Evaric  

Anatolius Ulpius Flavus  
Eastern Roman Emperor. Born in AD 350, he was known to be a temperamental, aggressive figure in Imperial politics. *TWA*, 10.

Albia Flavia Flora  
Macedonian ruler. Although far-removed from Gothic Gaul, he refused to formally agree to peace with Vithericus during preliminary talks in AD 420. *TWA*, 10.
Fredebal 1
Gothic nobleman. Served as governor of Lugdunensis through the 420s. *TWA*, 12.

Fredebal 2

Decimus Viridius Fundanus
Augustus (East), 424
Born in AD 351. He was known to be an ardent zealot, and refused to deal with those he deemed heretics. *TWA*, 11.

Gatha
Visigothic king, ?399
King of the Visigoths after the death of Alaric in Illyria. *TWA*, 4.

Geilamir
Ostrogothic noble, IV/V
Brother of Vithericus, and therefore a member of the royal Amaling dynasty. *TWA*, 1. He was appointed governor of Lugdunensis after the Ostrogothic conquest. *TWA*, 6.

Gesalec
Gothic prince, V
He was born in AD 417, the son of King Widimir and grandson of Vithericus, of the Ostrogoths in Gaul. Upon the death of Vithericus he became the heir apparent. *TWA*, 12.

Giselher
Burgundian king, 417
Negotiated peace with the Goths in 417. He was known to be cautious and defense-minded, and likely chose to sue for peace because he did not want to risk marching his men across Germania to reach Gothic territory. *TWA*, 9.

Gissur
Scout, IV/V
An explorer and spy in the service of the Ostrogoths. He was often described as “boring” and “melancholic”. His name is sometimes rendered as 'Gizur'. *TWA*, 4. He died in late AD 425, somewhere in Transcaspia, possibly near Merv. *TWA*, 11.

Guilia-runu
Ostrogothic princess, V
Born in AD 401, she was married off to Attila as part of talks between the Goths and Huns in 420. *TWA*, 10.

Gunderic
Vandal king, IV/V
King of the Vandals, he led the Germanic peoples first to Illyria and thence to Magna Graecia, where he Vandalia on the island of Sicily, and set up court in Syracuse. *TWA*, 7.

Virius Cicero Granius
Roman general, 402
He led Lugdunum's defenses when the Ostrogoths assaulted the city walls, and was slain. *TWA*, 5.

Hariobaud
Alamannic king, IV/V
King of the Alamans. A known pagan. *TWA*, 5. He joined the Franks in war against the Ostrogoths, but was defeated in battle and forced to become a Ostrogothic tributary. He rebelled and waged war again after Ostrogothic armies were defeated in the Alps. *TWA*, 8.
Hethin
Gothic usurper. Shortly before the death of King Vithericus, he lead a failed revolt against Amaling rule. *TWA*, 12.

Fl. Honorius
Augustus (West), 393-402
Western Roman Emperor, initially declared co-ruler of the West alongside his father, Theodosius I, and then notional sole ruler of the WRE from his father's death in 395 through to 402, although effective power rested in the hands of the magister militum Flavius Stilicho. *TWA*, 5.

Kasagos
Roxolanian king, 404
He assumed leadership of the Roxolani while in Frisia, after the death of Rapakes in Gallia. *TWA*, 7.

Kuridak
Hunnic king, 398
King after the death of Uldin, Kuridak was responsible for signing the following peace with the Ostrogoths. *TWA*, 4.

Liupold
king of the Marcomans, V
A defense-minded ruler, he sought and obtained a non-aggression pact with the Ostrogoths in AD 405. *TWA*, 7.

Anicius Helvétius Lupus 1
tyrant of Ialy, 399-419
A prominent member of the senatorial Anicii family. A pagan, he raised the banner of rebellion in Tarentum after the Ostrogoths captured the settlement. Presumably a relative of Traianus Burrienus, the tyrant of Macedonia and his contemporary. *TWA*, 4. Ostrogothic sources accuse him of avarice and an erratic temperament. *TWA*, 5. He died in Mediolanum during the Gothic counter-attack on Italian-held Liguria, during the summer of 419. *TWA*, 9.

Gnaeus Rabirius Lupus 2
Augustus (East), 433
Eastern Roman Emperor. One of the 'Emperors of 350'. Although he loathed sharing power with anyone, he established an alliance with the growing Roman Africa realm to his west. *TWA*, 12.

Lucius Sestius Magus
tyrant of Egypt, V
Born in AD 389. He seized control of Egypt, but it is unknown if he was the first tyrant of Egypt or if there were predecessors. He was a Greek Christian. *TWA*, 11.

Sextus Quirinius Malleolus

Secundus Aulus Mamercus
tyrant of Britain, 425

Manno
Suebi king, IV/V

Firmus Dolabella Marius
Roman general, 401
A Gallo-Roman officer, he led a revolt in Lugdunum against Western Roman rule. When an Ostrogothic army besieged the city, he led a sortie, but perished in the battle, and his force was defeated. *TWA*, 5.

**Eutropius Maro**


**Merena**

Born in AD 403. Persian Emperor in the early fifth century. Although religiously, he was not tolerant of competing empires. *TWA*, 11.

**Vettius Terentius Messalla**

Born in AD 350. Eastern Roman Emperor. He focused on the defense of the remainders of the realm, and did not attempt to reconquer lost territories. *TWA*, 11.

**Octavia Flavia Murena 1**

A Latin Christian, he was best well-known for his intense hatred of Sarmatians, along with his feminine name. *TWA*, 11.

**Spurius Postumius Murena 2**

Born in AD 350. He was known to have an intense dislike of Western Romans, and maintained an aggressive, expansionist foreign policy. *TWA*, 11.

**Gnaeus Cantilius Nannienus**

Eastern Roman Empire. Led the reconquest of Serdica. Generally considered a cautious, reliable figure, but with a harsh prejudice against barbarians. *TWA*, 6.

**Quintus Aquillius Natta**

A pagan of Gallo-Roman stock, he led the Gallic rebellion against central Roman rule from his capital, Rotomagus. *TWA*, 5.

**Osaces**

Born in AD 345, of royal stock. He was a loyal client of the Eastern Roman Empire. *TWA*, 7.

**Lartia Agorius Papa**

Ruler of Dacia following the death of Sulla and the shifting of Dacian power from Serdica to Trimontium. *TWA*, 6.

**Marcus Hostilius Praeconinus**

Born in AD 350. A progressive-minded ruler, his dream was to recover many of the lands lost to the Sassanids in the east. *TWA*, 9.

**Virius Oranius Purpureo**


**Anatolius Burrienus Quadratus**

Born in 387. A pagan, he nonetheless managed to maintain and enjoy cordial relations with the predominantly Latin Christian Western Roman Separatists who dominated the rest of the Italian Peninsula. *TWA*, 13.
Flavius Helvetius Ralla
Eastern Roman Emperor. One of the 'Emperors of 350'. He was a reliable, cautious ruler. *TWA*, 11.

Rapakes
Roxolanian leader. Pursued the Ostrogothic hordes into Gaul, where he was then defeated by the walls of Lugdunum. *TWA*, 5. He died in battle in late AD 404. *TWA*, 7.

Rathar
King of the Burgundians, 430s
Burgundian king and ruler. Led the Burgundians to a new home in Belgica, and led the conversion of the Burgundians to Arian Christianity. *TWA*, 13.

Reinald
Alamannic leader. Entered negotiations with the Ostrogoths to end their mutual war, but refused the Goths' offer to join the Alamans in war against the Saxons and Eastern Roman Empire. *TWA*, 10. He eventually offered generous peace terms to the Goths in 438. *TWA*, 13.

Fl. Rufinus
Eastern Roman emperor following the death of Arcadius. *TWA*, 4.

Gaius Pinarius Ruga

Gaius Volusius Salutius

Saphrax
Ostrogothic general

Decimus Metilius Scaevola
Western Roman Emperor. *TWA*, 8.

Spurius Manilius Severus
Ruler of the Septimanian state after the Ostrogothic defeat of the Franks near Aquae Sextiae. A traditionalist, he supported Roman paganism over Christianity, and sought to protect his lands by maintaining a defensive stance against all. *TWA*, 7. He converted to Latin Christianity a year after gaining power. *TWA*, 8.

Sifka
Hunnic princess, and relative of Attila the Hun. *TWA*, 10.

Appius Ligarius Silanus
Silko
King of Nobatia, IV/V
Born in AD 369. Renowned as a religiously tolerant man. TWA, 7.

Fl. Stilicho
Roman general IV/V
Magister Militum of the Western Roman Empire and accomplished general. Of mixed Roman and Vandal ancestry, Stilicho served Rome for many years, and effectively acted as Emperor Honorius' regent and chancellor after the death of Theodosius. His exact fate is unknown, but it is possible that he outlived Honorius himself. TWA, 5.

Faustus Petronius Strabo
Roman general, 399
He was a general in the Western Roman army. He was in charge of Rome's defenses during the Italian siege and attack on the city during the winter of 399, and presumably perished when Italian troops then sacked the city. TWA, 5.

Secundus Ceionius Sulla
tyrant of Dacia, b. 377, r. 395
A local patrician of repute, he gained control of Serdica and the nascent Dacian state after the Ostrogoths' attack in 395. He was a pagan. TWA, 2.

Teus
Visigothic king, 403
King of the Visigoths after the death of Gatha. Converted and led the conversion of the Visigoths to Latin Christianity. TWA, 6.

Theodemir
Ostrogothic nobleman. He was appointed governor of Gothic Aquitania following the death of Oppa. TWA, 13.

Gnaeus Ovidius Theodosius 1
Tyrant of Britain, b. 378, r. 405-425
Pagan Romano-British tyrant. Sought and obtained a mutual military access deal with the Ostrogoths in 406. Under his rule, the Romano-British state managed to re-unify most of Roman Britain, aside from Londinium and the Cantian hinterland. TWA, 7. He waged war against the Picts and Ebdani, and led the British conquest of Hibernia and Caledonia before dying in 425. TWA, 11.

Gaius Nigilius Theodosius 2
Augustus (West), 425
Born in AD 403. Although tolerant of heresies and forgiving of recent enemies, he was also an unreliable opportunist known to turn on allies as quickly as he forgave his enemies. TWA, 11.

Gratianus Viridius Theodosius 3
Tyrant of Africa, V
He established his capital in Hadremetum, eschewing Carthage. He was a Latin Christian. During his reign, the Romano-African state conquered the Garamantines. He declared war on the Goths, but did not ever stage an attack. TWA, 11.

Theudis
Ostrogothic noble, IV/V
A Gothic nobleman, he was not related to the reigning Amaling dynasty and was not considered the most loyal subject of the realm, and so was repeatedly passed over for political appointments. TWA, 1.

Vettius Popaedius Traianus 1
Tyrant of Hispania, V
An erratic, unreliable ruler, his one known constant was his loathing of Goths and other East

**Anatolius Portius Traianus 2**  
Born in AD 401. A wildly opportunistic leader, his reign lead to Roman Africa essentially at war with nearly all its neighbors, except for the Eastern Roman Empire, which maintained a precarious alliance with Africa. *TWA*, 12.

**Anatolius Portius Traianus 3**  
Augustus (West), V  
Born in AD 402? He is similar to Traianus 2 in many characteristics, leading some scholars to suggest both may actually be the same person. *TWA*, 13.

**Lartia Flavia Triaria**  
Augustus (West) 404  
Western Roman Emperor. Notable for having his name often rendered in the feminine. *TWA*, 6.  
During his reign, the Western Roman Empire's court first moved out of Italy altogether, relocating to Corsica. *TWA*, 7. He died in AD 412. *TWA*, 8.

**Publius Tubertus**  
Led the Western Roman Separatists' failed attacked on Burdigala, and died while in battle near Elusa. *TWA*, 11.

**Uldin**  
Hunnic king, 390-397  

**Anicius Canius Valens**  
Born in AD 380. He fostered an alliance with Macedonia, but could not resolve the longstanding war between Italia and the remnants of the Western Roman Empire. *TWA*, 12.

**Maximinus Piscius Varus 1**  
Tyrant of Macedonia, 411  
A cautious figure, he focused on reconciling the Macedonian state with the Eastern Roman Empire, and even obtained amicable trade agreements with them. *TWA*, 8.

**Maximinus Piscius Varus 2**  
Tyrant of Africa, 420  
A tolerant man, he led Romano-African forces to victory in Tripolitania, conquering the Garamantines. *TWA*, 11.

**Septimus Vipsanius Vatia**  

**Faustus Laelius Vento**  
Tyrrant of Hispania, 403  
An Ibero-Roman, he led a revolt against Roman rule in Hispania. Upon hearing of the Ostrogothic conquest of Lugdunum and receiving emissaries, however, he also declared war upon the Goths. *TWA*, 6.

**Spurius Licinius Verecundius**  
Gallo-Roman general and leader of a small rebellion against Ostrogothic rule. He was killed in battle near Turonum. *TWA*, 10.

**Anatolius Domitius Verus**  
433
Romano-British official. He is the only known governor of British Lugdunensis, and died when Gothic forces seized Rotomagus in 433. *TWA*, 12.

**Vindonius**

Roman general, 395

Led the Legio IX Claudia into battle against Saphrax near the city of Thessalonica, in late 395. He died in the battle, and his army decisively lost. *TWA*, 2.

**Vithericus**

Ostrogothic king, b., 372, r. 376-433

Also known as Viderichus, likely 'Witaireiks' in reconstructed Gothic. Son of Vithimiris, a king of the Greuthungian Goths. Vithericus I gained the kingship when his father was killed fighting the Huns in 376. An infant at the time, he was put under the joint guardianship of Alatheus I and Saphrax 1. *Amm.*, *Gestae* 31, 3, 3. Under his leadership, the Ostrogoths endured severe attacks from Huns and Romans alike, and migrated from the lower Danube westwards. *TWA*, 3. He led the Ostrogoths to Gaul, where he established a new capital in Lugdunum. *TWA*, 5. By his 40s, he was widely considered to be the finest warrior and general of the Goths. *TWA*, 8. He died peacefully when he was 61. *TWA*, 12.

**Vithimiris**

Gothic king, fl. ?370s

A Gothic king, possibly of either the Greuthungi or the nascent Ostrogoths, as his son, Vithericus, was an attested Ostrogoth. A successor to Ermanaric, Vithimiris ruled a tribe of Goths somewhere along the northern coast of the Black Sea. He tried to fight the Alans, then-allies of the Huns, bolstered on his side with Hunnic mercenaries. After many defeats, he was killed in battle. *Amm.*, *Gestae* 31, 3, 3.

**Firmus Publicius Volusus**

Augustus (East), 419


**Widimir**

Gothic king IV/V

Born in AD 391. Firstborn son of Vithericus and member of the Amaling dynasty. His name is also sometimes rendered as 'Vidimer'. He was the heir presumptive both as the Ostrogoths were migrating and after they established their realm in eastern Gaul. *TWA*, 1 & 5. He was hailed King of the Goths at the age of 42, in AD 433. Although often at war with Romans, he was known to be a fervent Romanophile. *TWA*, 12.

**Willabert**

king of the Quadians, 427

Born in AD 409. He ruled the Quadian realm in Venetia and Noricum. Although he followed the Latin Christianity of the Romans, his two strongest allies were the pagan Lugians and pagan Italia. *TWA*, 11.
**OSTROGOTHIC KINGS**
Ermanaric (also of the Greuthungs) --370– 375
Vithimiris -------------------------------375 – 376
Vithericus ---------------------------------376 (In Gaul, 402) – 433
Widimir-----------------------------------433 – XXX

**DUCES OSTROGOTHI**

**Lugdunensis**
Geilamir-----------------------------402 – 418
Fredebal 1---------------------------418 – 430
Visimar--------------------------------430 – XXX

**Maxima Sequanorum (Sequanica)**
Ariarc-----------------------------403 – 432
Fredebal 2---------------------------432 – XXX

**Belgica (Treveria)**
Farnobius---------------------------?415– XXX

**Aquitania**
Oppa-----------------------------424 – 433
Theodemir-----------------------------433 – XXX

**VISIGOTHIC KINGS**
Alaric --------------------------------?390– 399
Gatha -------------------------------399 – 403
Teus----------------------------------403 – 407
Eliande-----------------------------407 – 409

**WESTERN ROMAN EMPERORS**
[Pre-Honorian emperors as historical]
Fl. Honorius -------------------------------393 – 402
Septimus Hostilius Aebutianus -----------392 – 404
Lartia Flavia Triaria------------------404 – 412
Decimus Metilius Scaevola--------------412 – 424
Gaius Nigilius Theodosius 2------------424 – 436
Anatolius Portius Traianus 3----------436 – XXX

**WESTERN ROMAN SEPARATISTS (POST-IMPERIAL ROMAN ITALY)**
Appius Publicus Antoninus--------------?408– XXX

**EASTERN ROMAN EMPERORS**
[Pre-Arcadian emperors as historical]
Fl. Arcadius -------------------------------395 – 399
Fl. Rufinus -------------------------------399 – 404
Gnaeus Cantilius Nannienus--------------404 – 405
Gnaeus Florius Capito------------------405 – 415
Marcus Hostilius Praeconinus-----------415 – 418
Firmus Publicius Volusus--------------418 –?420
Anatolius Ulpius Flavus------------------------?420–424
Decimus Viridius Fundanus------------------------424–425
Spurius Postumius Murena------------------------425–427
Vettius Terentius Messalla------------------------427–429
Quintus Lollius Drusus--------------------------429–430
Flavius Helvetius Ralla--------------------------430–433
Gnaeus Rabirius Lupus 2------------------------433–XXX

TYRANTS OF AFRICA
Maximinus Piscius Varus 2----------------------?420–?429
Gratianus Viridius Theodosius 3----------------?429–433
Anatolius Portius Traianus 2-------------------433–436
Pacuvius Tigidius Anatolius---------------------436–XXX

TYRANTS OF BRITAIN
Gnaeus Ovidius Theodosius 1-------------------?405–425
Secundus Aulus Mamercus-----------------------425–436
Gaius Volusius Salutius------------------------436–XXX

TYRANTS OF DACIA
Secundus Ceionius Sulla------------------------395–404
Lartia Agorius Papa-----------------------------404–408

TYRANTS OF EGYPT
Lucius Sestius Magnus--------------------------427–435
Septimus Sergius Dolabella---------------------435–XXX

TYRANTS OF GALLIA
Quintus Aquillius Natta------------------------?399–415
Appius Ligarius Silanus------------------------416
Vettius Ateius Calvus--------------------------421–XXX

TYRANTS OF HISPANIA
Faustus Laelius Vento--------------------------?403–?409
Virius Oranius Purpureo------------------------?409–?415
Vettius Popaedius Traianus 1------------------?415–424
Octavia Flavia Murena--------------------------424–435
Pacuvius Tadius Dentatus-----------------------435–XXX

TYRANTS OF ILLYRIA
Quintus Lafrenius Crassus----------------------?397–429

TYRANTS OF ITALIA
Anicius Helvetius Lupus 1---------------------399–419
Marcus Cluntius Ahala----------------------------419–433
Anatolius Burrienus Quadratus------------------433–XXX

TYRANTS OF MACEDONIA
Anicius Traianus Burrienus---------------------?399–411
Maximinus Piscus Varus 1---------------------411 –?420
Albia Flavia Flora-----------------------------?420–?430
Anicius Canius Valens-------------------------?430– XXX

TYRANTS OF SEPTIMANIA
Spurius Manilius Severus------------------------409 – 416
Faustus Decumius Brocchus---------------------416 – XXX